

Statement of the Problem

- Shaw Cancer Center at Vail Health developed an oncology palliative care program (Shaw at Home) offering in-home services
- A need for a volunteer role was identified
- A role description and training was needed for palliative care volunteers

Background/Literature Review

- Literature regarding training for palliative care volunteers is limited
- Volunteer role is varied across settings • Evidence suggested various volunteer roles and training applicable to this program

Purpose/Aims

This program development project's purpose is to:

- Define the role of the oncology palliative care volunteer
- Develop and provide training to prepare volunteers to work with oncology patients receiving palliative care in their homes
- Evaluate the effectiveness of the training by measuring knowledge and comfort in the palliative care volunteer role pre/post training



Role Definition and Training of Volunteers for an In-Home Oncology Palliative Care Program

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Methods

- Five volunteers from the community were identified
- Standard Vail Health volunteer orientation and training completed
- In-person oncology palliative care volunteer training completed consisting of six modules: • Overview of the program, definition of palliative care, home health, and hospice Roles of the palliative care team

- Communication
- Stress management and self-care

- Physical, emotional, and spiritual issues • The volunteer role in palliative care A six-item survey pre/post training assessed knowledge and comfort in the volunteer role

Findings

ease rate your knowledge and comfort with the following: =strongly disagree, 2=disagree, 3-neutral, 4=agree, 5=strongly agree) The definition of palliative care and how it differs from hospice and Knowledge Comfort ommunication with patients with serious illness Knowledge Comfort he palliative care interdisciplinary team and their roles Knowledge Comfort Psychosocial issues, spiritual issues, the role of family systems for Knowledge Comfort Stress management, self-care, and the role and value of volunteers Knowledge

- Comfort rofessional boundaries, patient and family boundaries, and handlir Knowledge
- Comfort
- the volunteer role
- Post training survey results showed an of an oncology palliative care volunteer

	Mean Score Pre-Training	Mean Score Post-Training
end of life		
	3.4	4.6
	3.2	4.5
	2.8	4.0
	2.5	3.9
	3.5	4.8
	3.7	4.8
people with serious illnesses		
	2.9	4.1
	2.6	3.9
in palliative care		
	3.4	4.6
	3.6	4.7
ng emergencies		
	3.0	4.5
	2.8	4.3

Survey results indicate a pretraining knowledge deficit and lack of comfort with palliative care and

improvement in knowledge and comfort in the role

- their role 30%
- Future plan:

Acknowledgements/References

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- European countries: a qualitive analysis of accounts of volunteering. Scandinavian Journal of Caring Science, *2021*(35), 170-177



Implications

 Developing and administering an in-person training program for volunteers increased the knowledge and comfort of volunteers entering

Recruit and train more volunteers to increase availability of volunteer services Provide modules on the Vail Health remote learning platform (Net Learning) to allow volunteers to complete at their convenience and access to any interested employee Assess knowledge and comfort of volunteers in their role after 3 months of service Evaluate patient satisfaction and importance of the volunteer role for the program

Limitations

Small number of volunteers

• Limited literature or recommendations on training needed to be a palliative care oncology volunteer

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• Horey, D., Street, A.F, O'Connor, M., Peters, L., & Lee, S.F. (2015). Training and supportive programs for palliative care volunteers in community settings. Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviews, 2015(7), 1-27 • Patel, M. I., Sundaram, V., Desai, M., Periyakoli, V. S., Kahn, J. S., Bhattacharya, J. Asch, S. M., Milstein, A., & Bundorf, M. K. (2018). Effect of a Lay Health Worker Intervention on goals-of-care documentation and on health care use, costs, and satisfaction among patients with cancer. JAMA Oncology, 4(10), 1359-1366 • Scott, R., Goossensen, A., Payne, S., & Pelttari, L. (2021). What it means to be a palliative care volunteer in eight

• Vernon, E., Hughes, M.C., & Kowalczyk, M. (2022). Measuring effectiveness in community-based palliative care programs: A systematic review. Social Science & Medicine, 296(2022)

Please rate your knowledge and comfort with the following: (1=strongly disagree, 2=disagree, 3-neutral, 4=agree, 5=strongly agree

Knowledge

Comfort

Knowledge

Comfort

Knowledge

Comfort

Knowledge

Comfort

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Communication with patients with serious illness

The palliative care interdisciplinary team and their roles

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Stress management, self-care, and the role and value of volunteers

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